

State Burden

NPAO:

- In 2007, 68% of adults in West Virginia were overweight or obese and 17% of high schools students were overweight, based on self-reported height and weight.
 - 80% of high school students and 80% of adults in West Virginia consumed fewer than 5 fruits and vegetables per day.
 - 67% of West Virginia high school students did not attend physical education classes.
 - 54% of adults in West Virginia were not engaged in sufficient moderate or vigorous physical activity.
- Excerpt from CDPHP State Profiles at www.cdc.gov*

Diabetes:

- 766 adults in West Virginia died from diabetes mellitus in 2005.
 - In 2007, 10% of adults in West Virginia reported being diagnosed with non-pregnancy related diabetes.
- Excerpt from CDPHP State Profiles at www.cdc.gov*

Heart Disease:

- Heart disease accounted for 27% of deaths in West Virginia in 2005, while stroke caused 6% of deaths.
 - In 2007, 33% of adults in West Virginia reported having high blood pressure (hypertension) and 42% of those screened reported having high blood cholesterol, which puts them at greater risk for developing heart disease and stroke.
- Excerpt from CDPHP State Profiles at www.cdc.gov*

Poverty:

% of people living below the poverty level (2007-2011) = 17.5(*US Dept of Commerce, US Census Bureau*)

Funding

FFY 2012 funding level:

FY12 Estimated total: \$2,438,646

FY 2014 funding level

SPHA Basic Award: \$ 592,255
Enhanced Award Requested: \$1,550,000
SPHA Enhanced Award: \$ 0

Staffing Impact:

Total FTEs lost 10

Program Impact:

- Negative - Reduced funds limits WV's capability to subcontract work of a specialized nature (clinic registry expertise; evaluation; training and continued capacity building for Chronic Disease Self Management (Stanford U); utilize other agency's capacities and connections (ex. WV Hospital Association and breastfeeding; WV Dept of Education; WV Development Office and embedding health and economic development; etc.
- Negative - Reduced funds limit WV's capacity to fill vacancies. Current staff will now be forced to take on additional duties with no compensation

- Negative - Reduced funds limits WV ability to develop and implement further training and participate in other trainings in a fast paced and changing field of public health
- Negative - Reduced funds will set WV behind in the capability to compete for further chronic disease federal funding in the future since WV will no longer have resources to address the next 5 year CDC deliverables
- Negative - Reduced funds eliminates the opportunity to further leverage other funds for projects/programs (ex. the Claude Worthington Benedum Foundation matches Bureau for Public Health funds for the Growing Healthy Communities Project that assists designated "Main Street" communities in embedding health initiatives with economic development projects. This private foundation will not continue funds for this project without Bureau funds
- Negative - Reduced funds limits WV's capacity to meet Community Transformation Grant deliverables specifically for Strategic Direction 3 (implementing team-based coordinated approaches to clinical and preventive services that support increased control of high blood pressure and high cholesterol) since this section was based on core chronic disease funding efforts