Nevada

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF CHRONIC DISEASE DIRECTORS
Promoting Health. Preventing Disease.

State Burden

NPAO:

- In 2007, 63% of adults in Nevada were overweight or obese and over 15% of high schools students were overweight, based on self-reported height and weight.
- 81% of high school students and 78% of adults in Nevada consumed fewer than 5 fruits and vegetables per day.
- 51% of adults in Nevada were not engaged in sufficient moderate or vigorous physical activity.
  Excerpt from CDPHP State Profiles at www.cdc.gov

Diabetes:

- 336 adults in Nevada died from diabetes mellitus in 2005.
- In 2007, 8% of adults in Nevada reported being diagnosed with non-pregnancy related diabetes.
  Excerpt from CDPHP State Profiles at www.cdc.gov

Heart Disease:

- Heart disease accounted for 27% of deaths in Nevada in 2005, while stroke caused almost 5% deaths.
- In 2007, 27% of adults in Nevada reported having high blood pressure (hypertension) and 37% of those screened reported having high blood cholesterol, which puts them at greater risk for developing heart disease and stroke.
  Excerpt from CDPHP State Profiles at www.cdc.gov

Poverty:

% of people living below the poverty level (2007-2011) = 12.9*(US Dept of Commerce, US Census Bureau)*

Funding

FFY 2012 funding level:

FY12 Estimated total:	$ 344,404

FY 2014 funding level

SPHA Basic Award:	$ 511,799
Enhanced Award Requested:	$1,499,998
SPHA Enhanced Award:	$ 0

Staffing Impact:

Total FTEs lost	2

Program Impact:

- Negative - Due to unfunded program, the State of Nevada will continue to struggle to address the burden of chronic disease in the state. The Chronic Disease program will no longer be able to staff critical positions
- Negative - The State of Nevada continues to be the lowest federally funded state (51st)