

## State Burden

### **NPAO:**

- In 2007, 62% of adults in Montana were overweight or obese and 13% of high schools students were overweight, based on self-reported height and weight.
- 83% of high school students and 75% of adults in Montana consumed fewer than 5 fruits and vegetables per day.
- 46% of Montana high school students did not attend physical education classes.
- 42% of adults in Montana were not engaged in sufficient moderate or vigorous physical activity.

*Excerpt from CDPHP State Profiles at [www.cdc.gov](http://www.cdc.gov)*

### **Diabetes:**

- 285 adults in Montana died from diabetes mellitus in 2005.
- In 2007, 6% of adults in Montana reported being diagnosed with non-pregnancy related diabetes.

*Excerpt from CDPHP State Profiles at [www.cdc.gov](http://www.cdc.gov)*

### **Heart Disease:**

- Heart disease accounted for 22% of deaths in Montana in 2005, while stroke caused 6% of deaths.
- In 2007, 25% of adults in Montana reported having high blood pressure (hypertension) and 35% of those screened reported having high blood cholesterol, which puts them at greater risk for developing heart disease and stroke.

*Excerpt from CDPHP State Profiles at [www.cdc.gov](http://www.cdc.gov)*

### **Poverty:**

% of people living below the poverty level (2007-2011) = 14.6(*US Dept of Commerce, US Census Bureau*)

## Funding

### **FFY 2012 funding level:**

FY12 Estimated total: \$2,526,516

### **FY 2014 funding level**

SPHA Basic Award: \$ 504,325  
Enhanced Award Requested: \$1,500,000  
SPHA Enhanced Award: \$1,076,223

### **Staffing Impact:**

Total FTEs lost 0

## Program Impact:

- Negative - Overall the funding for our states cardiovascular health, diabetes prevention and control, and nutrition and physical activity programs will be reduce by approximately \$900,000 per year under the new SPHA FOA (35% cut in funding) and that is with the basic and enhanced funding. This will significantly reduce the chronic disease prevention and control services and activities provided to citizens of our state for the leading causes of illness and death
- Negative - There are no positive impacts related to this new FOA for our state. This is a major step backwards in terms of the national public health response to preventing and controlling chronic disease in the US