

## State Burden

### **NPAO:**

- In 2007, 57% of adults in Hawaii were overweight or obese and 14% of high schools students were overweight, based on self-reported height and weight.
  - 83% of high school students and 71% of adults in Hawaii consumed fewer than 5 fruits and vegetables per day.
  - 62% of Hawaii high school students did not attend physical education classes.
  - 49% of adults in Hawaii were not engaged in sufficient moderate or vigorous physical activity.
- Excerpt from CDPHP State Profiles at [www.cdc.gov](http://www.cdc.gov)*

### **Diabetes:**

- 218 adults in Hawaii died from diabetes mellitus in 2005.
  - In 2007, 7% of adults in Hawaii reported being diagnosed with non-pregnancy related diabetes.
- Excerpt from CDPHP State Profiles at [www.cdc.gov](http://www.cdc.gov)*

### **Heart Disease:**

- Heart disease accounted for 25% of deaths in Hawaii in 2005, while stroke caused 8% of deaths.
  - In 2007, 29% of adults in Hawaii reported having high blood pressure (hypertension) and 36% of those screened reported having high blood cholesterol, which puts them at greater risk for developing heart disease and stroke.
- Excerpt from CDPHP State Profiles at [www.cdc.gov](http://www.cdc.gov)*

### **Poverty:**

% of people living below the poverty level (2007-2011) = 10.2(*US Dept of Commerce, US Census Bureau*)

## Funding

### **FFY 2012 funding level:**

FY12 Estimated total: \$1,151,909

### **FY 2014 funding level**

SPHA Basic Award:	\$ 505,956
Enhanced Award Requested:	\$1,395,678
SPHA Enhanced Award:	\$ 0

### **Staffing Impact:**

Total FTEs lost 4

## Program Impact:

- Negative - As a result of the significant decrease in funding to our chronic disease prevention and disease management programs from receiving only a basic CDC award, plans to move forward on program and policy initiatives within the CDC domains will be severely restricted
- Negative - As a result of the significant decrease in funding to our chronic disease prevention and disease management programs (from receiving only a basic CDC award), efforts to expand the scope and reach of our community-clinical linkages at this important time relative to the Affordable Care Act will be restricted.

- Negative - As a result of the significant decrease in funding to our chronic disease prevention and disease management programs (from receiving only a basic CDC award), our efforts around evidence-based self management of chronic diseases will be negatively impacted
- Negative - As a result of the significant decrease in funding to our chronic disease prevention and disease management programs (from receiving only a basic CDC award), our outreach and impact into at-risk communities and populations will be negatively impacted